1. Models:  SLC4060-xxx-yyy-zzz
2. UL Recognized Component File E124742 (SLC4060)
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION............................................................................................................................. 5  
WARNINGS AND ADVISORIES ...................................................................................................................... 6  
PID OPERATION AND ADJUSTMENTS ......................................................................................................... 7  
  PID OUTPUT – TEMPERATURE INTERNAL CALCULATION DETAILS ......................................................... 7  
  PID TUNING TIPS ................................................................................................................................. 7  
OUTDOOR AIR RESET (OAR) OR SETPOINT MODIFIER (SPM) ................................................................. 8  
CONTROL POWER ........................................................................................................................................ 9  
RTD SENSOR ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION .............................................................................................. 9  
  COMPATIBLE TEMPERATURE SENSORS .................................................................................................. 9  
GP ANALOG INPUT (GPA) ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION ......................................................................... 9  
GP DIGITAL INPUT (GPDI) ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION .......................................................................... 9  
UNIT CONFIGURATION – CONNECTIONS AND DIP SWITCH SETTINGS .................................................... 10  
24V DC ON-BOARD AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY .................................................................................... 10  
RELAYS .......................................................................................................................................................... 11  
VOLTAGE DRIVER ...................................................................................................................................... 11  
STATUS LED INDICATIONS AND FLASH RATES ...................................................................................... 12  
CONNECTORS .............................................................................................................................................. 12  
  J1 CONNECTOR – SLCnet ........................................................................................................................... 12  
  J2 CONNECTOR – BACnet MSTP ................................................................................................................ 12  
  J4 CONNECTOR – BOOTLOADER .............................................................................................................. 12  
E1 THROUGH E6 SHORTING PLUG JUMPERS ............................................................................................... 12  
MODELS AND ORDERING PART NUMBERS ............................................................................................... 13  
ACCESSORIES AND CABLES ....................................................................................................................... 13  
  Cascading Cable – SLC4020-x.................................................................................................................... 13  
  Resistor Adapter Assemblies – SLC4040-xxx ............................................................................................. 13  
  NEMA4X Enclosure – SLC4011 ................................................................................................................ 13  
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION .............................................................. 14  
  SLC4060 Board Dimensions and Component Identification ................................................................ 14  
PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION ......................................................................................... 15  
  Input Terminal Designations ................................................................................................................... 15  
  Shielding .................................................................................................................................................. 15  
  Grounding ............................................................................................................................................... 15  
  Low Voltage Driver Output Wiring ......................................................................................................... 15  
  Startup and Adjustments .......................................................................................................................... 17  
  Fuses ....................................................................................................................................................... 17  
TROUBLESHOOTING ................................................................................................................................. 19  
TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS ......................................................................................................................... 20  
SPECIFICATIONS ................................................................................................................................. 20  
BACNET MS/TP (SLC4060-MSTP ONLY) .................................................................................................. 21  
BOOTLOADER FIRMWARE UPDATE ........................................................................................................ 23
LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 1  OAR/SPM EXAMPLE ........................................................................8
FIGURE 2  SLC4060 ASSEMBLY .....................................................................14
FIGURE 3  FIELD WIRING DIAGRAM ..........................................................16

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 1  OAR ENGR UNIT SELECTION ..........................................................8
TABLE 2  SWITCH SETTINGS FOR SW1 GP ANALOG INPUT TYPE ..................10
TABLE 3  SWITCH SETTINGS FOR BACNET MSTP BAUD RATE ......................10
TABLE 4  SWITCH SETTINGS BOOTLOADER MODE ........................................10
TABLE 5  SWITCH SETTINGS FOR SW2 BACNET MSTP ADDRESS .................10
TABLE 4  STATUS LED INDICATIONS AND FLASH RATES .........................12
TABLE 4  WIRING LIST ..................................................................................18
TABLE 5  TROUBLESHOOTING .....................................................................19
TABLE 6  ELECTRICAL AND PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS .........................21
GENERAL INFORMATION

Introduction

The SELECTRONIX SLC4060, Process Gateway is an all solid-state, microcontroller-based device which accepts and conditions various industrial control signals, provides 2 PID control loops, and provides relays and an analog output. It provides accessibility to the internal parameters utilizing 2 communication networks via SLCnet and GWnet.

- 2 fully configurable PID control loops are provided. The output of the PID may be used to send a remote command signal to the SLC4000, to the voltage driver output, to the Building Management System, or a combination of them.

- 2 RTD channels provide temperature sensing between -60 to 260 Deg Fahrenheit. The second channel is typically used for outdoor air reset.

- 2 general purpose analog inputs are compatible with a number of different input signal types, including, 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC, 0-20 ma, and 4-20ma DC. Other input ranges may be accommodated by adding an external voltage dividing resistor. The input signal type is selected with on-board switches.

- 4 Digital inputs are provided that can be ordered for either 120V ac (default) or 24V ac/dc. The inputs may be used to drive the relay and/or be monitored by the BMS. Each signal polarity may be individually inverted.

- 3 relays are provided which may be assigned to operate from various signal sources and conditions. Pre-defined logic combinations provide ‘And’ and ‘Or’ combinations with the 4th input. The logic may be combined with the inverting capability of the inputs. The BMS may set the relays directly or the relays may be assigned to operate when internal fault conditions are set from the SLC4000, SLC4060, or SLC4075 units. Various software-selectable signal sources are defined by the TSGW. The relay outputs have pilot-duty contacts, intended to control interposing relays or contactors. The contacts are wired to a common terminal.

- A 0-10V dc voltage driver output is available for selectable output signals. Either of the 2 PID outputs may be assigned with either a 0-10V or 2-10V output range. The RTD sensor level and analog inputs are examples of signals that may be assigned to the voltage driver output, as well as the ability to be assigned directly by the BMS.

- SLCnet is a Selectronix communication network that connects the SLC4000 units, SLC4060, and the SLC4075, TouchScreen Gateway at J1.

- J4 is a micro USB connector for the bootloader which allows for the field upgrading of the firmware by using an external application.

- Range-checking is provided for the RTD sensors and analog signals configured as offset inputs. Out-of-range signals are annunciated.

- Communication between the SLC4000, SLC4060, and SLC4075 are continually checked to assure operational integrity.

- Many other built-in failsafe features are included in the SLC4060.

- A multi-color LED indicates operational status, as well as annunciating several other operational and error conditions.

- Units connect to SLC4000 units using an SLC4020-xx cascading cable, where xx is the length in feet.

- 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 20 and 35 feet are standard stocked lengths.

- The SLC4000 is provided with 4 swaged standoffs suitable for mounting to chassis panels using #6 machine screws.

- SLC4011 is a NEMA 4X enclosure is available as an option and is SLC4060-ready.

- The SLC4060 controller is UL Recognized in accordance with UL873 Temperature Indicating and Regulating Equipment (CCN: XAPX2) and is intended for use by Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM) who will seek overall UL approval for the end-item system. File Number E124742.
Warnings And Advisories

!!! WARNING !!!

This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified electrical maintenance personnel familiar with the construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved.

FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY!

This control is an operating device, not a limiting device. It is the responsibility of the user to install all limiting and safety devices to the end-item system. The system software controls many critical functions, such as maintaining set points, enabling and disabling multiple boilers.

For any critical safety-related limits, or enable/disable functions, the end-user shall install hardware limiting devices and cutout switches, as applicable.

The circuitry in this equipment contains static-sensitive electronic components. Observe proper handling precautions when handling the printed wiring boards. Avoid contacting components without first discharging your body to earth ground. Always disconnect power to any of the electronic assemblies before making electrical interconnect or input/output wiring. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to the circuitry.

The printed circuit assemblies contain sharp leads on the back side of the board, which may be avoided by handling the assemblies by the board edges.
PID Operation and Adjustments
The SLC4060 provides 2 PID control loops.

- PID1 uses RTD1 to sense the process variable.
- PID2 uses GPA1, analog channel 1 to sense the process variable.
- The PID parameters Proportion, Integral, and Derivative are all individually accessible and adjustable.
- Enabled when the touchscreen (TSGW) “Aux/DDC” switch is in the Direct Digital Control (DDC) position. When the “Aux/DDC” is in the Aux position, the SLC4000 is controlled by an external signal.

Proportion Parameter ‘P’
The proportion parameter is a multiplier of the error term. The error term is the difference between the process variable and the setpoint. A larger P term causes the PID loop to be more responsive to a given error. As the P factor increases, the throttling range decreases, which means that the modulating range is such that the error in constrained to small values. A large P factor, however, may result in the system ‘hunting’, or oscillating around the setpoint.

Integral Parameter ‘I’
The integral parameter integrates the error term, which means the error is continually accumulated and the output follows the sum. The integral causes the output to settle at the setpoint. A larger integral factor causes the output to approach the setpoint more rapidly, but too large of an integral may result in hunting around the setpoint.

Derivative Parameter ‘D’
The derivative parameter is a multiplier of the rate-of-change of the process variable. It is an “anticipator” which operates to slow the effect of the P and I terms. Damping is another term used to describe the action. A critically damped system is one where the response time to setpoint is the minimum without any overshoot. A derivative term is most useful when the controlled system has a large inertial or a large momentum. A example is that a system without a derivative parameter will tend to overshoot the setpoint and oscillate around the setpoint, unless the P and I terms are very low.

PID Lockout on Invalid Sensor Input
If the PID sensor input is deemed out-of-range, the PID output is disabled. For a 4-20 ma signal, the signal must be at least 3 ma. The RTD signal must be between a predetermined valid range.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Divisor</th>
<th>Typical Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proportion</td>
<td>0-10000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>500 to 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integral</td>
<td>0-10000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative</td>
<td>0-10000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PID Output – Temperature Internal Calculation Details

- 0-100% output corresponds to 0-1023 internal counts.
- Output counts = (P/100 * Error) + (I/1000 * Error) + Last Integral + Delta Error/100
  - where:
    - Error is the difference between the setpoint and the actual temperature
    - Last Integral is the accumulated integral value
    - Delta Error is the change in error from the prior sample taken 1 second before.
- The temperature sensor is approximately 3 counts/ Degree F

PID Tuning Tips
1. Enter a set point which is well below the high limit so that overshoot may be monitored.
2. Start with a typical P = 1000, I = 5 and the process temperature below the setpoint by a typical operating amount.
3. Observe the output response. If the output response is too slow, adjust the P value higher. The approximate output contribution by the P value is calculated in the example below:
   a. Setpoint is 180 degrees F
   b. Actual temperature is 170 degrees
   c. Error in counts = (Setpoint degrees – Actual degrees) * 3 counts/degree = (180 – 170) * 3 = 30 counts
   d. The output with P=1000 is (1000/100) * 30 = 300, or approximately 30% output which is the contribution to the output due to the P factor alone.
   e. If the P factor is changed to 3300, then the output due to P would be 100%.
   f. As the actual temperature approaches the setpoint, the P contribution decreases to 0, and any output is due to the accumulated integral.
   g. If an unacceptable amount of overshoot occurs, then decrease the P value.
   h. Adjust the I value by observing the amount of droop below the setpoint. If the droop is too large, increase the I value or if the overshoot is too large, decrease the I value.
Table 1  OAR Engr Unit Selection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensor</th>
<th>Engr Unit</th>
<th>Select</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>Deg F</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>Deg C</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA</td>
<td>Span %</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Outdoor Air Reset (OAR) or Setpoint Modifier (SPM)

The Outdoor Air Reset function is provided for either or both PID loops. It adjusts the PID setpoint based upon the sensed temperature of the outdoor air. The setpoint adjustment may be adjusted either upwards or downwards in a proportional amount to the outdoor temperature. The OAR parameters provide for a high and low limit to the adjustment amount. The same concept is applied to create a generic Setpoint Modifier (SPM) input. The term OAR and SPM are used interchangeably. Any analog signal may be used to adjust the companion setpoint. See document “TSGW_ModifyingSetptWithExternalAnalogSignal.pdf” available at selectronix.us/support.htm

The original setpoint is modified by an amount that is determined by a “scaling line”. This line is created by specifying both a low and high point comprised of:

a) a temperature
b) the amount of adjustment at this temperature.

- The adjustment beyond the temperature points remains at the same value at the temperature limit.
- The adjustment between the temperature points is the scaled amount at the given temperature.

The OAR2/SPM2 operates in the same fashion using either the temperature sensor or a signal from another source.

Example with 1 degree/degree modification

1. Given the original setpoint is 120 Deg F.
2. The Outdoor Air Temp is measured by RTD2
3. At 50 Deg F and above, no modification of the setpoint is desired, so:
   a. X axis Hi = 50, High Mod = 0.
4. At -10 Deg F and below, add 60 degrees, so:
   a. X axis Lo = -10 Lo Mod = 60.
5. If outdoor temp is 20 Deg F, the modified setpoint is adjusted to the linearly scaled 150 Deg F.

Figure 1  OAR/SPM Example
Control Power

- 120 V ac @ <= 50 VA.
- 24V ac/ 28V dc available. See “Models and Ordering Part Numbers” to order.

RTD Sensor Electrical Specification

- RTDs that are 1,097 Ohms Positive Temperature Coefficient at 77 Degree F (25 Deg C) with a 2.1 Ohms/Deg F Sensitivity.
- RTD sensor input range: -60 Deg F (-51 Deg C) to 260 Deg F (126.6 Deg C) limited by the temperature range of the selected temperature sensor.

Compatible Temperature Sensors

- Selectronix SLC4053 Standard Sensor with 6” pigtail.
- Selectronix SLC4054 Water-resistant Sensor with 5’ leads.
- Selectronix SLC4055 Water-tight Sensor with 6’ leads.
- Selectronix SLC4056 Outdoor Air Sensor with enclosure.
- Any other RTD meeting the electrical specification.

GP Analog Input (GPA) Electrical Specification

- Any source producing a 0-10V dc, 2-10V dc, 0-20ma or 4-20ma output.
- The current input is sensed across a 61.9 ohm resistor.
  - A 4-20ma signal produces 0.25 to 1.24 volts DC at terminals TB5(+) to TB6(-) or TB7(+) to TB8(-).
  - TB6 and TB8 are connected to our signal common.
- The voltage input impedance is 7.9K ohms.

Compatible Differential Pressure Sensors

- Honeywell P7640A and PWT pressure transducer models with selectable pressure ranges.

Compatible Humidity Sensors

- Honeywell H7625, H7635, H7655 models

GP Digital Input (GPDI) Electrical Specification

- 120 V ac (Default configuration)
- 24V AC/DC See “Models and Ordering Part Numbers” to order.

Configuration

- Each input may be logically inverted. This feature is typically used when an active signal is to be considered to be the normal state, and the absence of this signal is an active state, often used as an alarm signal.
- Each input may be individually configured to be an alarm. An alarm, when active, causes:
  - Command to SLC4000 to be 0, while alarm is active
  - Voltage Driver output to be 0 for PID output modes
  - Status LED indicates a fault
  - Alarms are automatically reset
  - The SLC4000 outputs are rapidly cycled off (Version 5.00+)
- Configuration of the GPDI bits are set in the SLC4075, Touchscreen Gateway (TSGW).
  - See “SLC4075 Installation and Operation Manual” for details.
  - Alarms are inhibited for a configurable period (default 15 seconds) to prevent alarms during system setup.
Configuration Switch Operation
- Turn switch ON by pressing down on the side of the switch closest to the legend number.

**Table 2**  Switch Settings for SW1 GP Analog Input Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command Signal Type</th>
<th>Connect (+)</th>
<th>Connect (-)</th>
<th>SW1-1 61.9 Volt Network</th>
<th>SW1-2 61.9 Volt Network</th>
<th>SW1-3 GPA1 Offset</th>
<th>SW1-4 GPA2 Offset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GPA1 0-10 V dc</td>
<td>TB5</td>
<td>TB6</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA1 2-10 V dc</td>
<td>TB5</td>
<td>TB6</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA1 0-20 ma</td>
<td>TB5</td>
<td>TB6</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA1 4-20 ma</td>
<td>TB5</td>
<td>TB6</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA2 0-10 V dc</td>
<td>TB7</td>
<td>TB8</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA2 2-10V dc</td>
<td>TB7</td>
<td>TB8</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA2 0-20 ma</td>
<td>TB7</td>
<td>TB8</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA2 4-20 ma</td>
<td>TB7</td>
<td>TB8</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bold entries indicate the default setting. Configure the switches for a valid input even if unused.

**BACnet MS/TP (SLC4060-MSTP only)**

**Table 3**  Switch Settings for BACnet MSTP Baud Rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Baud Rate</th>
<th>SW1-7</th>
<th>SW1-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9600</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19200</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38400</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76800</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The SLC4060-MSTP provides an electrically isolated BACnet MSTP connection

**Table 4**  Switch Settings Bootloader Mode

**SW2-1 Bootloader Enable**
- **SW2-1 ON** places the unit in Bootloader Mode to communicate with the PIC32Btldr Console and accept new firmware
- **SW2-1 OFF** is Normal Operating Mode

**BACnet MAC Address**

SW2-2 through SW2-8 sets the BACnet device address, with a range of 0 to 127. Press down top of DIP switch for ‘1’.

**Table 5**  Switch Settings for SW2 BACnet MSTP Address

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>SW2-1</th>
<th>SW2-2</th>
<th>SW2-3</th>
<th>SW2-4</th>
<th>SW2-5</th>
<th>SW2-6</th>
<th>SW2-7</th>
<th>SW2-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bit Value</td>
<td>Bootload</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ex Addr 0x53</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
24V dc On-board Auxiliary Power Supply
A 24V dc, 300ma, Class 2 power supply is provided to power the SLC4075 4”, TouchScreen Gateway. The circuit common of this power source (TB18) is connected to the signal common of the SLC4060. Care must be taken when using the Auxiliary power source with external circuits not to introduce ground loop currents. For installations with questionable power quality, an external 24 VDC switching power supply is recommended, as it provides a higher level of incoming power brownout and transient protection.

For all other SLC4075 models, an external power supply must be provided. An SLC4076 is a suitable supply.

Relays
- 3 relays are provided which may be assigned to operate from various internal signal sources and conditions.
- Pre-defined logic combinations provide ‘And’ and ‘Or’ combinations with the 4th digital input. The logic may be combined with the inverting capability of the inputs.
- The BMS may set the relays directly
- The relays may be assigned to operate when internal fault conditions are set from the SLC4000, SLC4060, or SLC4075 units.
- The contacts are wired with a single common. The contacts are otherwise isolated from each other.
- The relay outputs are pilot-duty contacts, intended to control interposing relays or contactors.
- The relay load is rated at 135 VA maximum, however, the contacts carry a UL rating of 5A resistive @ 125/250 VAC.
- Each output stage has an LED indicator to show output operation.

Voltage Driver
- A 0-10V dc voltage driver output is available for selectable output signals. Either of the 2 PID outputs may be assigned with either a 0-10V or 2-10V output range. The RTD sensor level and analog inputs are examples of signals that may be assigned to the voltage driver output, as well as the ability to be assigned directly by the BMS.
Status LED Indications and Flash Rates
A single led capable of displaying green, orange, and red indicates various operating conditions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Flashes in 10 Sec</th>
<th>Flash Frequency</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>½ Hz</td>
<td>Quiescent Normal Operating condition – Master Emulation Used in BMI applications that do not need SLC4000 step controls.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green/Orange</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>½ Hz</td>
<td>Quiescent Normal Operating condition – Expansion Unit This is the normal PGW indication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>½ Hz</td>
<td>GPDI Limit Fault (automatically resets when resolved)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1Hz</td>
<td>RS485 Fault – Expansion Unit has not received a command from Master for over 10 seconds Limit faults automatically reset when resolved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2 Hz</td>
<td>Input is out-of-range (valid for 4-20ma, 2-10V, user-defined)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>4 Hz</td>
<td>Fault Condition</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Connectors

J1 Connector - SLCnet
SLCnet is the Selectronix communication network that connects the SLC4000 units, SLC4075, TouchScreen gateway, and the SLC4060, Process Gateway.

J2 Connector - BACnet MSTP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Circuit Common</th>
<th>Data +</th>
<th>Data -</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>B-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

J4 Connector – Bootloader
Use a micro USB cable to connect to a host PC or laptop computer

E1 Through E6 Shorting Plug Jumpers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jumper Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1-E2</td>
<td>Enable MSTP Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2-E3</td>
<td>Disable MSTP Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E4-E5</td>
<td>Enable MSTP End-of-line Termination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E5-E6</td>
<td>Disable MSTP End-of-line Termination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bold items are the default for the -MSTP model
Models and Ordering Part Numbers

- SLC4060 – XXX – YYY – ZZZ
  - XXX is a model variation
    - None or 0, if none
    - MSTP for BACnet MSTP
  - YYY is Power input voltage
    - 24 – indicates 24 V ac/ 28 V dc
    - None or 120 – indicates 120 V ac
  - ZZZ is GPDI input voltage
    - 24 – indicates 24 V ac/ 28 V dc
    - None or 120 – indicates 120 V ac

Accessories and Cables

Cascading Cable - SLC4020-x
A separately ordered Cascading Cable is required to connect the SLC4060 to SLC4000 units and to the SLC4075. Alternately, a standard CAT-5 or better Ethernet patch cable may be used.

Resistor Adapter Assemblies – SLC4040-xxx
Resistor adapter assemblies with different resistor values are available for applications that require an externally mounted resistor. The resistors are supplied with female quick-connect terminals and an insulated male quick-connect tab for the field connection. Also included are 2 quick-connect terminal adapters that provide 2 male connections for the single male tab, for a choice of field wiring preferences.

NEMA4X Enclosure – SLC4011
A NEMA4X enclosure which includes mounting studs to accept an SLC4060. The cover is transparent, so the relay and status indicators are readily visible. See SLC4000AddendumNEMA.pdf, available at selectronix.us for physical dimensions and other optional items
Physical Dimensions and Component Identification

SLC4060 Board Dimensions and Component Identification

Figure 2  SLC4060 ASSEMBLY
APPLICABLE MODEL NUMBERS: SLC4060-xxx-yyy-zzz
Physical and Electrical Installation

- Review all installation and wiring instructions thoroughly before proceeding.
- Inspect the SLC4060 unit for any physical damage.
- Verify that the operating ambient temperatures will be within -10 to 80 degrees C. (-23 to 158 degrees F).
- Mount the unit by using 6-32 machine screws in the standoffs provided. See Figure 1 for the physical mounting dimensions.
- Verify the proper setting of all switches on the controller. See section ‘Unit Configuration’.
- DO Route any of the low voltage signal wires that are connected to TB1 through TB8, TB17, TB18, any cascading cables, network connections such that they are physically separated from the any AC power lines.
- Connect the SLC4060 using either of the J1 ports to any SLC4000 unit’s J1 ports, using a Cascading Cable, SLC4020-x or connect to an SLC4075, using the applicable cable.
- Connect the SLC4060 24V dc output to the SLC4075, TouchScreen Gateway, using a minimum 22-gauge or larger twisted-pair wiring.

RS485 (MS/TP) wiring:

The theoretical maximum for the total RS485 span is 4000 feet. For long span distances, the endpoints of the wiring must be terminated at each end with a 120 ohm resistor across the (+) and (-) terminals to prevent transmission line reflections, which will corrupt the communication signal. Care must be taken to not introduce ground loops between the nodes. Use of an optically isolated connection may be used to prevent ground loops. Recommended wire for RS485 is Belden 3106A (3 twisted wires with drain wire).

- Verify that all interconnecting wiring is sized and installed in conformance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and other applicable local codes.
- Connect the appropriate sensor or input signals to the applicable input terminals per the wiring diagram shown in Figure 3 being careful to observe polarity.

Shielded wiring is recommended for all low-level signals. The shield should be terminated at the source side to earth ground. Do not terminate the other end of the shield.

- Connect the Voltage Driver Output being careful to observe polarity and wire routing, as these are low voltage signal wires. Twisted-pair wire is recommended.
- Apply AC power and verify that the SLC4000 Master Unit status LED is flashing GRN, and that the SLC4060 and all Expansion Units are flashing GRN/ORG.

Input Terminal Designations

Table 5 shows the terminal designators and signal polarity for the input terminals.

Shielding

Shielded twisted pair wire is recommended for wire runs which are in close proximity to power wiring or other sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI).

When using shielded wiring, the shield should only be terminated at one end to prevent ground loop currents. Preferably terminate the shield at the source end’s signal common. 2nd choice is to terminate the source end to earth ground. 3rd choice is to leave both ends of the shield unterminated. EMI may originate from conducted, induced, or capacitive sources.

Route signal wires away from the AC control power and relays outputs.

Grounding

The low voltage circuit common on the SLC4060 controllers is TB6, TB8, or TB20. It is isolated from the line control voltage and relay connections. Connecting the low voltage circuit common to earth ground is optional, however extreme care must be taken not to introduce ground loops. Verify that all field wiring is in accordance with local electrical codes.

Low Voltage Driver Output Wiring

Connect terminals TB19(+) and TB20(-) as desired, to any other device which accepts 0-10 VDC, being careful to observe correct polarity. Refer to Figure 3, Field Wiring Diagram.
Figure 3  FIELD WIRING DIAGRAM

**GPA1 0-10V**
- SW1-1 OFF
- SW1-2 ON
- SW1-5 OFF

**GPA1 2-10V**
- SW1-1 OFF
- SW1-2 ON
- SW1-5 OFF

**GPA1 0-20mA**
- SW1-1 ON
- SW1-2 OFF
- SW1-5 OFF

**GPA1 4-20mA**
- SW1-1 ON
- SW1-2 OFF
- SW1-5 OFF

**GPA2 0-10V**
- SW1-3 OFF
- SW1-4 ON
- SW1-6 OFF

**GPA2 2-10V**
- SW1-3 OFF
- SW1-4 ON
- SW1-6 OFF

**GPA2 0-20mA**
- SW1-3 ON
- SW1-4 OFF
- SW1-6 OFF

**GPA2 4-20mA**
- SW1-3 ON
- SW1-4 OFF
- SW1-6 ON
Startup and Adjustments

- Verify that all configuration switches are set as desired.
- Verify that the wiring is in accordance with Figure 4, Field Wiring Diagram.
- Make all connections while the AC power is OFF.
- **Verify the wiring in the remainder of the Control System before energizing the line power.**
- Apply line power to the Control System.
- If Expansion Units are used in the system, verify that the Master Unit’s Status LED blinks Green/Off. Verify the
- SLC4060 and the Expansion Unit’s status LED blinks Green/Orange.
- Turn the line power off.

Fuses

- There are 2 fuses on the SLC4060. One is for the control voltage and another is for the auxiliary 24V dc.
- The control voltage fuse is a 2A fast-blow fuse, Littelfuse 0217002HXP, 5 x 20 mm fuse.
- The auxiliary 24V is a 0.6A fast-blow fuse, Littelfuse 0235.600HXP, 5 x 20 mm fuse.
### Table 7  Wiring List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Designation</th>
<th>Short Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Polarized?</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TB100</td>
<td>Pwr</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>120 V ac Hot</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB101</td>
<td>Pwr return</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>120 V ac Neutral</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB1</td>
<td>RTD1</td>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB2</td>
<td>RTD1</td>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB3</td>
<td>RTD2</td>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB4</td>
<td>RTD2</td>
<td>RTD</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB5</td>
<td>GPA1</td>
<td>0-10V dc/4-20 ma</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Analog</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB6</td>
<td>GPA1 return</td>
<td>Signal common</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB7</td>
<td>GPA2</td>
<td>0-10V dc/4-20 ma</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Analog</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB8</td>
<td>GPA2 return</td>
<td>Signal common</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB9</td>
<td>GPDI1</td>
<td>120 V ac</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Digital In</td>
<td>Low Water default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB10</td>
<td>GPDI1 return</td>
<td>120 V ac return</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB11</td>
<td>GPDI2</td>
<td>120 V ac</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Digital In</td>
<td>High Limit default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB12</td>
<td>GPDI2 return</td>
<td>120 V ac return</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB13</td>
<td>GPDI3</td>
<td>120 V ac</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Digital In</td>
<td>Status default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB14</td>
<td>GPDI3 return</td>
<td>120 V ac return</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB15</td>
<td>GPDI4</td>
<td>120 V ac</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Gen Purpose Digital In</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB16</td>
<td>GPDI4 return</td>
<td>120 V ac return</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB17</td>
<td>+24Aux</td>
<td>Output Power</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>24V, 300 ma Class 2 for TSGW</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB18</td>
<td>+24Aux return</td>
<td></td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB19</td>
<td>VltDrvr</td>
<td>0-10V</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB20</td>
<td>VltDrvr return</td>
<td>0-10V return</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB200</td>
<td>L1 RLYCOM</td>
<td>120 V ac</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB201</td>
<td>RLY1 N.O.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB202</td>
<td>RLY2 N.O.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TB203</td>
<td>RLY3 N.O.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>SLCnet</td>
<td>RS485</td>
<td></td>
<td>SLCnet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J2</td>
<td>GWnet</td>
<td>RS485</td>
<td></td>
<td>GWnet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J4</td>
<td>Bootloader</td>
<td>Micro USB RS232</td>
<td></td>
<td>Bootloader Baud Rate 57600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## TROUBLESHOOTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMPTOM</th>
<th>POSSIBLE CAUSE</th>
<th>REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Status LED not flashing</td>
<td>Fuse blown</td>
<td>Replace F1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status LED flashing red at 20 flashes in 10 seconds</td>
<td>Input is out-of-range for RTD, or general purpose analog offset inputs, such as 4-20ma or 2-10VDC.</td>
<td>Verify that signal source is providing a signal that matches the input configuration switch settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status LED is flashing red at 10 flashes in 10 seconds</td>
<td>Communication with the master has been interrupted.</td>
<td>Cycle incoming power to all the SLC4000 units. If indication persists, disconnect the faulty unit's power and cascading cables. Re-connect cascading cables to any remaining good units. It is then possible to continue operating with the remaining units without any re-configuration, with a diminished temporary capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status LED is flashing red at 40 flashes in 10 seconds</td>
<td>An internal fault has been detected.</td>
<td>Cycle incoming power to the SLC4060. If the indication persists, the unit must be replaced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output relays turn on, but the contactors do not energize.</td>
<td>No connection to TB200, which is the common terminal for all the relay contacts. It is normally connected to the coil voltage source.</td>
<td>Wire per Figure 3 verifying a matching contactor coil voltage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| PID1 has no output, Step cmd is 0.00% | • PID Mode Select is Disabled  
• Engr Unit has not been selected  
• PID parameters have not been set | • Select desired PID mode  
• Select desired Engr Unit  
• Select desired PID parameters. Use PID Preset for various starting values for Slow, Med, Fast |
| PID2 has no output, Step cmd is 0.00% | • PID Mode Select is Disabled  
• Engr Unit has not been selected  
• GPA1 is out-of-range (4-20ma < 4ma or 2-10V < 2V) | • Only 1 PID may be used for remote control of SLC4000  
• Check GPA1 input  
• Both PIDs may be used if one is assigned to the voltage driver |
| Setpoint Modifier Not working | • SPM Src Select has not been selected  
• SPM parameters have not been set | • Select desired SPM source  
• Set desired SPM parameters. Use SPM Preset for various starting values. |
| Aux/DDC switch does not stay in DDC position | • If the PGW loses communication with the TSGW with a remote PID mode enabled, the Aux/DDC switch reverts to the Aux position to ensure an invalid PID command value is not used by the SLC4000 | • Verify that the PGW is powered, and the status led is flashing Grn/Org. |
Troubleshooting Tips

- Isolate the source of the problem to being either internal or external to the controller by disconnecting the external wiring, and driving the controller with a local input source.

- RTD Input Simulation.
  - Use a test potentiometer with a minimum resistance value of 1000 ohms, and a maximum of 2000 ohms, 1/2 watt or greater.
  - Find the terminal that measures 0 ohms between the center terminal with the knob fully CCW.
  - Connect this terminal to TB1.
  - Connect the pot's center terminal to TB2.
  - The pot simulates the RTD.
### SPECIFICATIONS

#### Table 9  Electrical and Physical Specifications

| Part Numbering       | SLC4060-xxx-yyy-zzz : xxx is firmware option  
|                      | yyy is Digital Input voltage option  
|                      | zzz is Control power option |
| **POWER:**           | SLC4060-xxx-yyy-zzz : Control power option  
|                      | zzz = 120 or none 120 V ac +/- 10% @ 15 VA max., 50/60 Hz.  
|                      | zzz = 24 24V ac/dc +/- 10% 15VA 50/60 Hz/15W max |
| **FUSES:**           | F1: 2A Fastblow, Littelfuse 0217002HXP or equivalent, 5x20mm .  
|                      | F2: 0.6A Fastblow, Littelfuse 0235.600HXP or equivalent, 5x20mm |
| **TEMPERATURE:**     | Storage: -55 to +150 Deg C  
|                      | Operating: -10 to +80 Deg C |
| **INPUT:**           | • RTD1, RTD2 -60 Deg F (-51 Deg C) to 260 Deg F (126.6 Deg C)  
|                      | • General Purpose Analog Voltage Input: 0-10VDC, 2-10VDC into 15.7K input impedance.  
|                      | • General Purpose Current Input : 0-20ma, 4-20 ma DC through 62 ohms  
|                      | • General Purpose Digital Input:  
|                      | o SLC4060-xxx-yyy-zzz yyy=120 or none: 120V ac @ < 5 ma  
|                      | o yyy= 24 24V ac/dc @ < 5 ma |
| **RELAY OUTPUT:**    | Relay Contact, Pilot Duty  
|                      | • Contact Rating: 5A @ 250 VAC, 30 VDC  
|                      | • Limit continuous load to 135VA per relay |
| **VOLTAGE DRIVER OUTPUT:** | 0 to 10 VDC into 1K ohms minimum |
| **Auxiliary 24 VDC:** | 24 VDC +/- 5%, Class 2  
|                      | 300 ma |
| **FIELD WIRING:**    | 1/4” quick-connect male terminals provided for all connections.  
|                      | J1 RJ-45 type connectors are used for interconnections to SLC4000 units  
|                      | J2 is a 3 contact terminal board for RS485 communications  
|                      | J4 is a micro USB for bootloader field firmware upgrade. |
| **SIZE:**            | 7.75” height by 5.25” width by 2” max. |
BACnet Device ID
The Default Device ID is set to 4060.
- A customer-unique ID is entered from the SLC4075, TSGW.
- A permanently stored ID may be programmed into the PGW firmware by Selectronix. We will provide a custom firmware upgrade version at no charge. The firmware is loaded into the PGW per “Firmware Upgrade via Ethernet Bootloader”

Instance ID is set using the touchscreen on page titled “SLC4060 Information”

Device Characteristics
- BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA)
- BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported:
  - DS-RP-B
  - DS-WP-B
- Standard Object Types Supported:
  - Present-value
  - Real
- Data Link Layer Options:
  - MS/TP master and slave baud rate(s): 9600, 38400
- Remote Device Management
  - PGW sends I-Am, device_4060 on power on, and approximately every 15 seconds if no activity has been detected or every 1 minute otherwise.
Bootloader Firmware Update

1. Obtain the firmware file (SLC4060***.hex) from Selectronix
2. Obtain the “PIC32 Btldr Console” from Selectronix (The app)
3. With the power to the SLC4060 OFF
4. Connect a micro-USB cable to J3 and a Windows laptop or PC.
5. Set SW2-1 to ON for bootloader mode.
6. Turn power ON to the SLC4060
7. See the Status LED flash green and red rapidly indicating the bootloader mode.
8. On the app, set the Com Port to the port created by the new USB connection.
   a. You might have to use Device Manager to see the COM port assignments for the new USB connection.
   b. Connect and re-connect the USB cable to see the assigned port.
9. **Set the Baud Rate to 57600**
   a. See successful connection
10. `<Connect>`
11. `<Load Hex File>`
    a. Load the new firmware file
12. `<Erase-Program-Verify>`
    a. See successful status
13. Turn power OFF to the SLC4060
14. Set SW2-1 to OFF
15. Power up the SLC4060
16. Verity the firmware has been updated displayed on the touchscreen on line 2 of the SLC4060 Information page..

****************************Upgrade Procedure Complete****************************

- See the SLC4075 Installation And Operating Manual for a listing of the accessible data points.
- See “Physical and Electrical Installation” for RS485 wiring considerations and requirements.